



World Headquarters, Leonia, NJ



Building Two, Leonia, NJ



Building Three, Leonia, NJ



This bulletin describes the capabilities of Kulite and the wide range of Solid State Pressure Transducers used in numerous aircraft applications that require high performance and reliability.

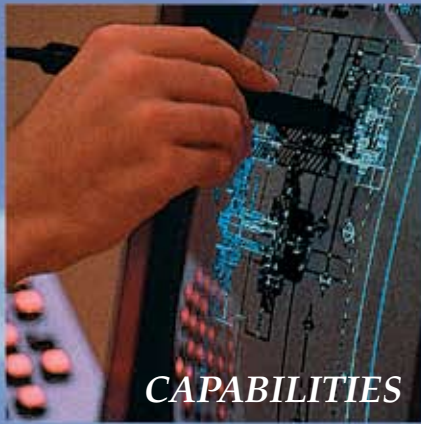
All Kulite Aircraft Transducers have evolved from over four decades of having pioneered the development of miniature static and dynamic pressure measurement devices. This technology has long been accepted in the aerospace community as the "State of the Art".

The pressure sensor portion of the device utilizes Piezoresistive Technology consisting of a silicon on silicon sensor diaphragm with a fully active four-arm Wheatstone Bridge. The high natural frequency, low hysteresis and superior thermal characteristics enable outstanding pressure measurement performance in any aircraft environment.

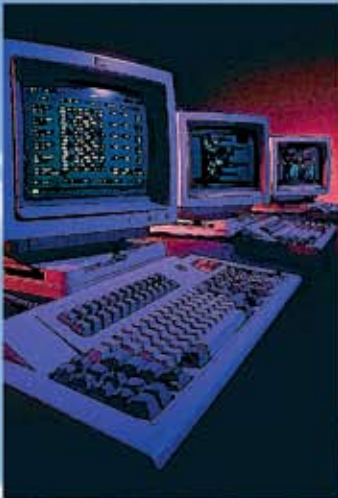
Kulite recognizes the severe demands of an aircraft environment which require ruggedized packaging. The Kulite design approach offers small size, light weight and all-welded construction which provides a hermetic product and a protective barrier for the sensor.

For many years Kulite has worked closely with airframe engineers to continually improve design and performance. This interface has resulted in many different applications some of which are identified in this bulletin. All Kulite Aircraft Transducers are designed for each application. Transducer documentation includes a Design Package, Qualification, FAA Approval, Acceptance Test Data and rigid Quality Control.

Since 1960 Kulite has focused on producing the industry's most accurate and reliable pressure measurement instrumentation. Kulite continues to expand this technology and welcomes the challenge to meet new requirements for the future.



CAPABILITIES



Facilities

Kulite is located in Leonia, New Jersey, convenient to major suppliers and transportation. Design, development, test, manufacture and administration are located in three modern buildings comprising over 100,000 square feet.

Transducer Design Engineering

The Engineering Department uses AutoCAD™ with EDI capability for mechanical design while circuit design is done using schematic capture software, capable of electronic modeling, simulating and analyzing circuits. This shortens development cycle time.

Development Engineering

Kulite's environmental laboratory provides necessary testing to Customer and Military specifications. Thermal cycling from minus 100°F to plus 400°F, Random and Sinusoidal Vibration, computer controlled, can be achieved from 20 to 2000 Hz 60 G rms and 10 to 350 Hz 80 G peak respectively. The laboratory has equipment for Impulse, Shock, Humidity and Altitude testing.

Semiconductor Engineering

Design, development and production of silicon sensors, the heart of any pressure transducer, is done using modern Diffusion Furnaces, Evaporators and Sputtering equipment. Material characteristics are controlled by using Statistical Process Control. Kulite is vertically integrated, maintaining complete control of its semiconductor technology to ensure production schedules are met.

Transducer Manufacturing

Manufacturing uses computerized assembly and in-process inspection techniques to Aerospace recommended practices, Customer and Military Specifications. Travelers and build instruction sheets are created for each design in order to insure correct assembly and to control configuration. Acceptance testing and Environmental Stress Screening (ESS) of the final product is done using modern computerized methods with complete traceability. Laser, electron beam and TIG welding processes are employed. Kulite has manufacturing capability to produce in excess of 10,000 pressure transducers per month.

Quality Assurance

Kulite is accredited to ISO9000:2000 and SAE AS9100 as supplemented or superseded by Customer requirements. The Department has resident FAA DMIRs and customer designated DSQRs. The Company has an FAA/EASA certified Repair Station.

Product Support

Kulite supports the various repair, warranty and contract commitments required for its Aerospace products at the Leonia facility. The Department works to ATA and FAA standards for Service Bulletins, Component Maintenance Manuals and PMA. Kulite's sales engineers are available for customer on-site field support worldwide. AOG service is available.



The Kulite Integrated Sensor Pressure Transducer

*P*iezoresistive silicon pressure transducers use the minute flexure characteristics of single-crystal silicon wafers, suitably doped for semiconduction, to effect a voltage output proportional to pressure sensed on the face of the silicon sensor. The pressure sensitivity of the device is enhanced by micro-machining the chip to a thickness appropriate to the pressure range.

Using photolithography and integrated circuit manufacturing techniques Kulite designs and manufactures an extremely small pressure sensing device with high natural frequency, low hysteresis, superior thermal characteristics and high accuracy under the extreme conditions of temperature and vibration found in all aerospace applications.

Dielectrically Isolated Silicon on Silicon Sensor Technology

*K*ulite's latest silicon technology consists of a monolithic structure composed of an atomically fused, dielectrically isolated Wheatstone bridge integrated circuit, fused onto a silicon substrate which acts as a force-summing diaphragm.

It is known as dielectrically isolated "silicon-on-silicon" and exhibits excellent stability and thermal characteristics, allowing Kulite transducers to operate at temperatures up to 900°F.

This sensor is an evolution from the "first generation" diffused semiconductor technology. It uses two silicon wafers bonded to but separated by a silicon oxide barrier. One wafer is chemically etched to make the Wheatstone bridge integrated circuit, the other is micro-machined to provide the force collector, which translates the applied pressure into strain on the integrated circuit.

Benefits of Using Kulite's Silicon-on-Silicon Pressure Transducer Technology:

- *Piezoresistive sensors are monolithic devices which increases their reliability.*
- *A high sensitivity of silicon sensors means high sensor output, typically 100 mV.*
- *A single crystal silicon structure makes the sensor inherently free of hysteresis.*
- *The single crystal structure and packaging yields typically less than 0.1% drift per year of operation, affording long term stability.*
- *Sensed media temperature can be as high as 900°F.*
- *The sensing element is fabricated to provide a small force collector. Size and weight of the finished transducer can be minimized.*
- *Dielectric isolation of the sensing element means the sensor will have high dielectric strength.*
- *No P-N junctions means the sensor is not susceptible to electro magnetic interference, and has very low noise levels at elevated temperatures.*



Electronic Signal Conditioning and Mechanical Design

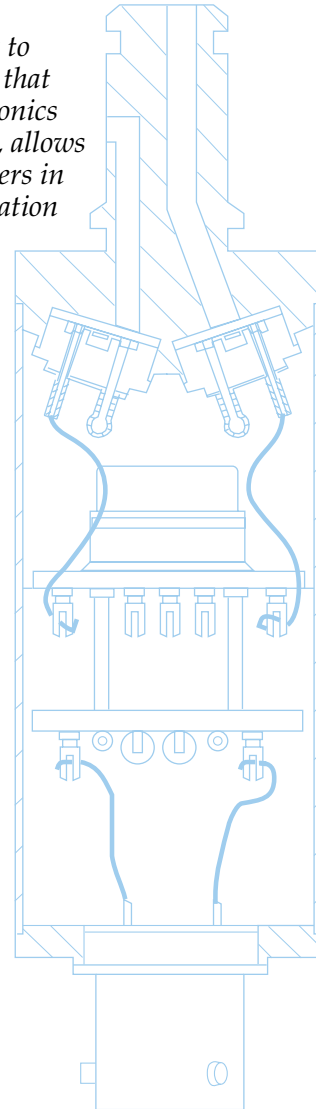
Kulite can adapt the output of the pressure sensor to interface with virtually any ECU, FADEC, EICAS or any other control or monitoring device.

A voltage, current, frequency or digital output can be provided by Kulite's Electronic Design Group. The company maintains a capability to design and produce microcircuitry ASIC based designs, as well as discrete component designs, including surface mount devices, to temperature above 300°F.

Also, the Company's ability to design mechanical packages that provide the solid state electronics in a stress free environment, allows customers to place transducers in severe temperature and vibration environments.

Retrofit Capability

Kulite maintains a unique ability to provide transducer designs that will perform as a fit, form and function replacement for existing older transducer technologies, thus affording the customer better reliability, performance, stability and lighter weight.





APPLICATIONS

Typical Aircraft Transducer Applications

Engine Oil Pressure

Hydraulic Pressure

Fuel Pressure

Air Pressure

Cabin Air

Crew Air

Altitude

Tire Pressure

Environmental Control System (ECS)

Rudder Boost

Engine Torque

Oxygen

Bleed Air

Turbo Discharge

Heat Exchanger (Cooler)

Reaction Control System (RCS)

Compressor Inlet & Discharge (P2) (P0) (P3)

Gear Box Oil Pressure

Brake Pressure

Vapor Control System

De-Ice System

Actuators

Aircraft Instrumentation

Flight Test

Structural Verification

Fatigue Testing

Test Rigs

Test Cells

Iron Bird

Wind Tunnel



DESIGN FEATURES



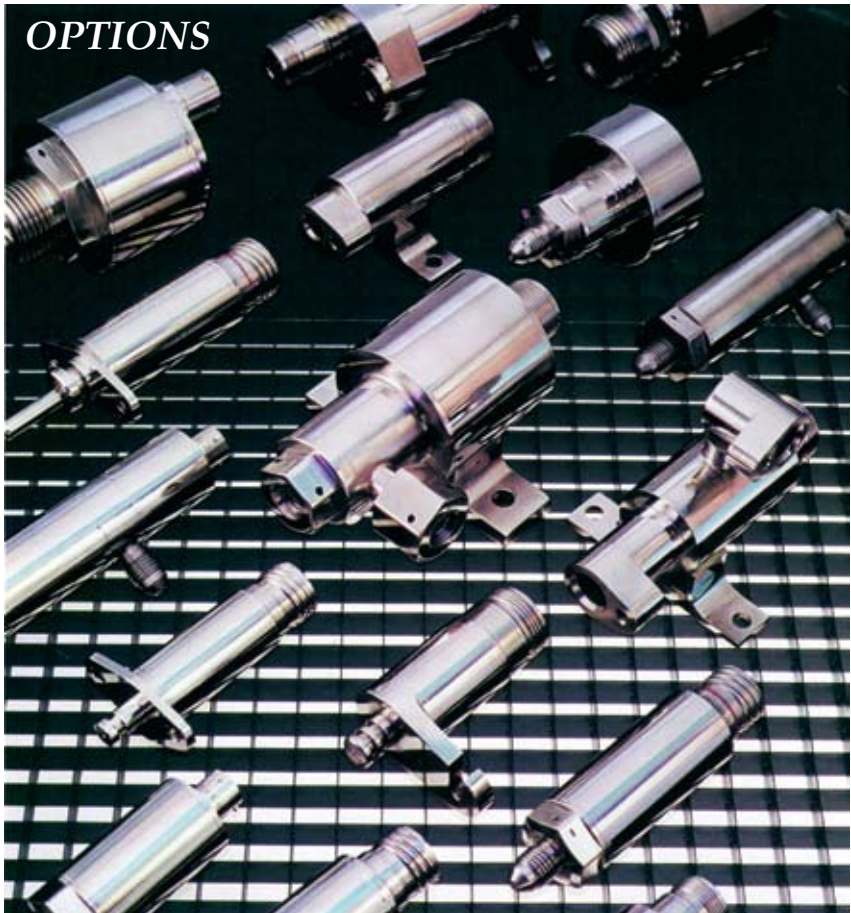
Design Features of Kulite Aircraft Transducers

- Mature Sensor Technology 40 Years of Experience*
- Environmentally Isolated Diaphragm Eliminates Risk of Sensor Contamination*
- Micromachined Overpressure Stops Protects Unit From High Overpressure*
- Ultra Low Non Linearity and Hysteresis Increased Accuracy*
- Media Compatible Materials To Best Fit the Application - Such as 316 & 17.4 SS, Inconel, Titanium*
- Secondary Containment Mechanical Safety Feature*
- ASIC Electronics (APTE Series) Small, Lightweight, Reliable*
- EMI Protection (Moderate or Heavy) Increased Reliability*
- Live Zero Indicates System Readiness*
- Environmentally Protected Dual Patented Feature for Hermetically Sealed Vented PSIG/Gage Transducer*
- Light Weight Most Designs Less Than .5 LB*
- Hermetically Sealed Environmental Protection*

Options

- Multiple Choice Connectors*
- Unique Configurations*
- Flange Mount*
- Drainage Design*
- Electronic Pressure Switch*
- Redundancy (Dual or Triple)*
- Multiple Choice Pressure Ports*
- Combined Pressure and Temperature*
- Voltage and Current Outputs*
- Ruggedized/Foamed (For High g Environments)*

OPTIONS



OPERATIONAL MODES



Operational Modes

All Kulite Pressure Transducers are designed and produced for a variety of aircraft applications. The operational mode of the transducer can be any one of the following:

Absolute Pressures (PSIA)

Sealed sensor unit which measures pressure relative to an internally sealed vacuum. Typical applications are P_0 , P_3 in aircraft engine applications. Also sometimes used for high pressure such as hydraulic, brake and oxygen pressures.

Gage Pressures (PSIG)

The pressure is measured relative to ambient pressure such as oil pressure. Kulite uses a patented dual diaphragm (dual sensor) approach consisting of a first sensor to measure the primary pressure and a secondary sensor to measure the ambient pressure. The outputs are subtracted to give a true gage pressure reading. This approach yields a hermetically sealed vented gage pressure transducer. Typical applications are engine oil, gear box oil and fuel pressures.

Sealed Gage Pressures (PSISG)

The pressure sensor is sealed at zero at atmosphere pressure. Mostly used in higher pressure applications such as hydraulic pressures.

Differential Pressures (PSID)

The transducer measures the difference between two pressure sources connected to two inlet ports. Differential transducers are used in certain pressure applications such as across filters, etc.

TYPICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TYPES OF ELECTRICAL OUTPUT	LEVEL AND EXCITATION
Unamplified	0-100 mV with 10 Volt excitation, variations possible per customer specifications
Amplified (current loop)	4-20 mA
Amplified (voltage output)	0-5 VDC or with off-set voltage (.5 to 5.5 VDC) with 15 to 33 VDC excitation or 26-28 VAC, variations possible per customer specifications
28 VDC	Synchronous and Variable Reluctance AC
Impedances (unamplified)	>1000 ohm input, <2000 ohm output, nominal on unamplified units, common mode available

TRANSDUCER ACCURACY	PERCENT OF FULL SCALE
Total Error Band	< .5% to 2% nominal over compensated temperature ranges standard. Variations possible per customer specifications
Long Term Stability	< 0.1% per year

OPERATING ENVIRONMENTS	PARAMETERS
Temperatures (sensed and ambient)	-65°F to +450°F (-55°C to +232°C) Higher and lower ambient and sensed media temperatures available per customer specification.
Pressure Ranges	Up to 20,000 PSI standard, higher per customer specification
Compatibility with Sensed Media	All types of Aerospace Fluids and Gases
EMI/C, Salt Spray, Humidity, Sand and Dust, CBN, Vibration	Designed to comply with all Mil-Std and Aerospace relevant harsh environments

Continuous development and refinement of our products may result in specification changes without notice.

Customer • Program

Over the years, Kulite has collaborated with numerous Aircraft Manufacturers to develop and perfect pressure transducers for new airborne applications. Many of these applications were required to provide interface with modern avionics, glass cockpits, FADEC and Systems Management. The following is a partial listing of Kulite major aircraft activity . . .

Abex/NWL • Global Express, Dash 8-400 Aerospatiale • Dolphin, A330, A340
Agusta • 109, 209 Airbus Industries • A-300, A-340 Aircraft Braking Systems • Dash 8-400
Alenia • ATR-42 Allied Signal Canada • MD 11, F-22, V-22, C-17 Allied Signal AES • X33
Allied Signal Engines • 737, 757, 777 Allison Engines • 2100, 3007, T-406, T-56, 250
Basler Turbo Conversions • DC-3 Bell/Boeing • V-22 Bell Helicopter • 206, 222, 407, 412, 427, 430
Benz Airborne Systems • UH-1N Boeing Commercial • 737, 747, 757, 767, 777 Boeing Military • E3A
Boeing Aircraft & Missile Systems Division • F-18, ATF, EV8B, C-17, AH-64, MDX Explorer
Boeing Douglas Aircraft • MD-11, MD-80 Bombardier/Canadair • Challenger, RJ, GX, CL215
Bombardier/deHavilland • Dash 8, Dash 8-400 Bombardier Learjet • Model 45, Model 60
Bombardier/Shorts Bros • Model 45, Model 60 British Aerospace • Jetstream 31 & 41, 146-300
CASA • C101, CN235 Cessna • Citation X, 525, 545, 555, 565 Crane Hydro-Aire • Global Express, EMB-145
Commander Aircraft • Commander 114 Dornier • DO-228, DO-328, 128G Dowty Yakima • Premier 1
Embraer • EMB-120, EMB-145 Enstrom Helicopter • TH-28, 480 Eurocopter • TIGER, BK-117
Fairchild Aircraft • Metro Fairchild Controls • APACHE Longbow Fokker Aircraft • F-50, F-70, F-100
GE Aircraft Engines • GE90, 404, CF34-8C Gulfstream Aerospace • G IV, G V Gull Airborne Division • S-76
Hamilton Standard Division • B-777, B747, F18, Dash 8-4 Israel Aircraft Industries • Galaxy, Westwind 1125
IPTN Industries • CN 235, CN 250 Kawasaki Heavy Industries • BK-117, MDX, OHX LET •
L610 Lockheed Martin • F-22, CF-34 Lycoming • P3C Mitsubishi • MH-2000, FSX Mooney
Aircraft • TLS BRAVO Northrop-Grumman • AWACS, F-18E/F Panavia • Tornado
Parker-Hannifin • V-22, F-22 Piaggio • P-166, P-180 Pilatus • PC7, PC9, BN28
Piper Aircraft • Malibu, Cheyenne II Pratt & Whitney Canada • P150, P360, P901 Pratt & Whitney • F-119
Raytheon Aircraft • King Air, 1900, 400A, T1-A, JPATS Raytheon E-Systems • Premier 1
Rolls Royce • Pegasus, Adour Saab Aircraft • S-340, S-2000 Samsung/Daewoo • KTX-1
Scott Aviation • Model 45, Model 60 Shorts Brothers • 300, 360, RJ, Model 45 Siai-Marchetti • S-211
Sikorsky • S76, S-92 Sino Swearingen • SJ-30 Sundstrand • A-320, 737, B-2, F-22
Turbomeca • 737, A320, KC-135, Arriel 2 Valment • L-80 TP Westland • WG-30, Lynx 3
Williams International • Commanche